Technology Has Come a Long Way

THE VODAFONE FOUNDATION ADVOCATES FOR HOW MUCH FARTHER IT CAN GO TO ADDRESS CRITICAL HUMANITARIAN PROBLEMS

The Vodafone Foundation believes that information communication technologies (ICT) can address some of the world’s most pressing humanitarian challenges and improve people’s lives. It has invested in emergency response telecommunications since the 1990s, when technology was still a luxury. The Vodafone Foundation is driven to continue to push the larger development field to recognize the impact technology can have, from enabling those affected by conflict and disaster to reconnect with family and friends, to better coordinating relief efforts.

Well before ICT, including mobile technology, became ever-present, a group of humanitarian workers realized that in addition to water, food, shelter, and health, there was a real need for telecommunications in emergency response efforts. Throughout various missions, they were often approached by displaced people asking to contact family members left behind to send news. In July 1998, the group of humanitarian workers invested in their first satellite phone and created Télécoms Sans Frontières (TSF), to provide access to communication to those affected by conflict and disaster. Once operational, the French-based non-governmental organization (NGO) quickly realized that relief workers were also impacted by lack of communication, which resulted in poor coordination. TSF opened its first Centre Télécoms

Key Info

- **COUNTRY**: Democratic Republic of the Congo
- **TARGET POPULATION**: Displaced persons, refugees
- **APPROACH**: Mobile technology
“The humanitarian community has come a long way since 2001. Food and shelter remain paramount in the aftermath of a disaster; but there is a growing recognition of the role that technology can play in addressing certain challenges,” shares The Vodafone Foundation Instant Network Programme manager Oisin Walton. The Vodafone Foundation invests in the communities in which the London-based telecommunications company Vodafone operates, and has been funding TSF operations worldwide since 1998.

In addition to financial support, the Vodafone Foundation collaborated with TSF and global telecommunications solutions provider, Huawei, to create an ultra portable mobile network—called Instant Network—that fits in three suitcase-sized boxes and can be transported on commercial flights.

Pushing the humanitarian field to appreciate the importance of ICT has become central to the Vodafone Foundation’s funding portfolio. The field has made some headway. For example, in 2007, the Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC) was established by the United Nations (UN) to improve coordination and minimize gaps in emergency response. The UN established nine thematic clusters—Nutrition, Health, Water/Sanitation, Emergency Shelter, Camp Coordination/Management, Protection, Early Recovery, Logistics, and Emergency Telecommunications—to improve coordination in the field and at the global level. Each field-level cluster is led by a UN agency. The ETC has been activated in 25 countries to provide communications services and internet connectivity to assist humanitarian operations.

“Solutions do not need to be complicated; simple text services can have a huge impact in sharing information and reconnecting families.”

— Andrew Dunnett, The Vodafone Foundation (from the report Mobile Technologies in Emergencies)

Learn More

To learn more about the Vodafone Foundation’s Instant Networks Programme, read the connected GrantCraft case study at grantcraft.org/instant-networks-programme.
The Vodafone Foundation supports a program in the eastern region of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) called Instant Network Schools. This was a pilot project in 2013 to provide equipment, training and connectivity to schools in refugee and displacement settings. In Goma, the foundation set up its first Instant Network Classroom in a school of almost 2,000 children, the Don Bosco Ngangi Youth Center. The Center is operated by the Italian NGO VIS, a member organization of the Don Bosco Network of Salesian development NGOs.

The Don Bosco Ngangi Youth Center is an orphanage and boarding school for Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), orphans, street children, and other vulnerable youth. The Vodafone Foundation refurbished a classroom and provided internet connectivity, solar power, 40 tablets, and mobile educational content, in addition to training teachers on the tablets and content. Displaced and orphaned children affected by the ongoing conflict have little to no access to quality education and are at high risk of never going back to school. Many services for displaced children suffer from underinvestment resulting in children missing out on several years of education. An Instant Network School is a solar powered center with tablets where children and teachers can access internet and digital educational content.

The Vodafone Foundation has since expanded a similar concept to the Dadaab refugee camp in Kenya and camps in South Sudan, in partnership with the UN Refugee Agency (UNHCR). So far 16 Instant Network Schools have been deployed in these three countries, benefiting 26,402 children and 500 teachers. In 2015/2016, the foundation will also expand to Équateur province in northwest DRC to camps housing refugees from the Central African Republic. The foundation is closely monitoring the 2015 political uprising in Burundi and the influx of Burundian refugees into Tanzania to possibly deploy an Instant Network School in response to this crisis as well.
The technology is changing faster than work practices. Even where technology is available, Oisin shares that sometimes aid workers don't use it to its full potential. “That makes our job interesting in terms of finding solutions. The approach from the humanitarian community was historically to categorize technology as a luxury, saying ‘it’s a gadget, it’s nice to have,’ but thinking about the effectiveness of data collection on tablets, mobile networks in emergencies, and mobile phone-based money transfers, it’s clear that technology can actually address some of the challenges that NGOs and their beneficiaries face.” For the Vodafone Foundation, providing support to aid in adoption of practice and understanding is therefore an important part of how it approaches its work.

Staff advocate with NGOs and in humanitarian coordination meetings for the benefits of using updated technology practices.

“Compared to years ago, when only aid agencies had access to communications via satellite phone and victims didn't have anything, now agencies and victims use the same communications tools and mobile networks. This creates incredible potential to improve interventions. It enables two-way communications so that aid agencies can understand the needs on the ground directly from those affected.” For example, in the aftermath of the 2015 earthquake in Nepal, mobile networks enabled people to send messages and tweet, sharing updates before relief workers were deployed.

Oisin explains further: “When we look at how technology can solve some of the greatest development issues, a lot of our work remains in advocating with relevant stakeholders that the upfront investment in technology is worth the outcomes and impact. We find ourselves explaining that ‘yes you will have to adapt your work practices and it’s going to take a while to adjust, but in the long run, you’ll actually see the real benefits as well as the time it’s going to save you.’”

“A major philanthropic trend that requires mobile technology is the use of text message campaigns for fundraising.” — Oisin Walton, Instant Network Programme
Technology proves a necessity in delivering aid to those affected by the world’s worst crises.

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This case study was written by Virginia Zuco and developed for Foundation Center’s Equal Footing project.

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